COMPARISON OF THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED COMPENSATION FUND OPERATING FRAMEWORK

CURRENT	PROPOSED		
Not in existing framework	Introduction		
	As set out in the Administration of Justice Act 1985, the Courts and Legal Services		
	Act 1990 and the Legal Services Act 2007, the CLC must make rules for the		
	making of grants or other payments for the purpose of relieving or mitigating		
	losses arising from certain wrongs committed by CLC Regulated Practices.		
	In order to do so, the CLC has established and maintains as trustee a		
	Compensation Fund ('the Fund') from which the CLC may make grants in its		
	absolute discretion. This document sets out the rules that will apply to all		
	applications for a grant from the Fund and, in particular, explains how the CLC		
	will assess those Applications. Anyone considering making an application to the		
	Fund should consider these rules carefully, together with the Application Form,		
	the Guidance, the Glossary and the FAQs, all of which should be read together.		
	Please note, defined terms in these Rules are explained in the Glossary.		

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	As set out more fully in these rules, the following is emphasised:
	• The core purpose of the Fund is to protect consumers from losses caused by the negligence or fraud of a CLC Regulated Practice in regulated conveyancing transactions for the acquisition of residential property for the occupation of the applicant and/or the applicant's family; and/or probate transactions. In the overwhelming majority of cases, the applicants will have been clients of the CLC Regulated Practice against which complaint is made. The further the facts of an application for a grant are from this core purpose the less likely it is that the Fund will make a Grant in full or part.
	 The Fund is a fund of last resort. The CLC is entitled to refuse to offer any Grant where the applicant has not, before making their application to the Fund, first pursued all other reasonable remedies and/or taken all other reasonable measures to avoid or to mitigate their losses and/or to obtain compensation elsewhere. Grants are offered or not from the Fund in the CLC's absolute and unqualified discretion. The CLC will evaluate the merits of each

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	application by reference to the criteria, principles and considerations set
	out in these rules, but the decision whether to offer a Grant or not is the
	CLC's alone and the CLC's decision is final.
	The CLC will endeavour to determine applications for a grant within 6 months of
	receipt of the fully completed application and relevant supporting
	documentation. If the CLC requires additional information from the applicant or
	other 3 rd parties or if the application is considered by the CLC in its absolute and
	unqualified discretion to constitute a 'special category application' then the
	determination of the application may take longer than 6 months. At all times,
	the CLC will endeavour to keep the applicant informed as to when the
	application might be determined.
Not in existing framework	Rule 1 - Establishment and contribution to the Compensation Fund
	1.1 The CLC has established a Compensation Fund ('the Fund') in accordance with the Administration of Justice Act 1985, the Courts and Legal Services Act 1990 and the Legal Services Act 2007 for the purpose of compensating persons in accordance with these Rules.

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1.	As a condition of being authorised by the <i>CLC</i> , a body must make a contribution to the <i>CLC Compensation Fund</i> at such time and of such an amount as determined by the <i>CLC</i> . The <i>CLC</i> may require a body to make a further contribution towards the Fund at anytime.	1.2 As a condition of being authorised by the CLC, a CLC Regulated Practice must contribute to the Fund at such time and in such an amount as determined by the CLC. Failure to pay the contributions may result in suspension of the licence to practice, disciplinary action and/or action to recover the debt.			
2.	In its absolute discretion the <i>CLC</i> may agree that a contribution to the Fund is paid by instalments which become immediately payable on the date specified by the <i>CLC</i> . If any instalment is not paid by the due date the balance of contributions the body owes will be recoverable as a debt owed to the <i>CLC</i> .	1.3 Contributions to the Fund are due by return upon presentation of an invoice by the CLC. The CLC may, however, agree to accept contribution to the Fund by instalments, in which case the instalments shall become payable on the dates specified by the CLC. If any instalment is not paid by the due date the balance of the unpaid contribution will become immediately due.			
Purpo	se of the Fund	Rule 2 – Administration of the Fund			
3.	The CLC shall place the money constituting the Fund in a separate designated account entitled "Council for Licensed Conveyancers ' Compensation Fund ".	2.1 The CLC shall place the money constituting the Fund in separate designated accounts.			
4.	As trustee the <i>CLC</i> may:- (a) invest the money constituting the Fund in such a manner as it thinks fit; (b) borrow for the purposes of the Fund, and may charge any	2.2 The CLC may invest all or some of the money constituting the Fund in such a manner as it sees fit in its absolute and unqualified discretion.			

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	(c)	investments of the Fund by way of security for such a loan; take out insurance with <i>Authorised Insurers</i> for such purposes and on such terms as it deems appropriate to the Fund.			
5.	The F (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	all contributions paid to the <i>CLC</i> ; all interest, dividends and other income and accretions of capital arising; the proceeds of any realisation of the investments of the Fund; all money borrowed for the purposes of the Fund; all money recovered by the <i>CLC</i> either directly or following the assignment to the <i>CLC</i> of the rights of any <i>Claimant</i> ; all recoveries under any insurance policy effected by the <i>CLC</i> ; any other money which may belong to or accrue to the Fund or be received by the <i>CLC</i> in respect of the Fund.	2.3	The F (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	all contributions paid to the CLC for that purpose; all interest, dividends and other income and accretions of capital arising; the proceeds of any realisation of the investments of the Fund; all money recovered by the CLC either directly or following the assignment to the CLC of the rights of any Applicant; all recoveries under any relevant insurance policy; any other money which may belong to or accrue to the Fund or
					be received by the CLC in respect of the Fund.

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6.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	the Fund's money and investments are applicable for: payment of costs of establishing, maintaining, administering, protecting and applying the Fund; payment of any CLC insurance premiums or any premium relating to run off cover following the closure of a body; the purpose of settling any claim in respect of CLC insurance or any otherclaim relating to run off cover following the closure of a body; repayment of any money borrowed by the CLC for the purposes of the Fund, for payment of interest on any money so borrowed, and for reimbursing the CLC for any costs incurred in that respect; making grants or other payments the CLC determines should be paid out of the Fund (whether such grants or other payments relate to practices regulated by the CLC as a Recognised Body or a Licensed Body); the refund of contributions to a body which ceases to be regulated by the CLC (the CLC may at its discretion refund a proportion of a contribution made in respect of any unexpired period).	2.4	All of the Fund's money and investments may be used for the following permitted purposes: (a) payment of the costs of establishing, maintaining, administering, protecting and applying the Fund; (b) payment of the costs of considering the making of Grants or other payments from the Fund; (c) procurement of insurance for such purposes and on such terms as it deems appropriate to the Fund and payment of any relevant CLC insurance premiums;		
7.	the 1	re it has passed a resolution under paragraph 6 schedule 5 to 985 Act the CLC may credit to the Fund any sum vested in it result of the passing of such a resolution.	2.5	Where it has passed a resolution under paragraph 6 of Schedule 5 to the 1985 Act the CLC may credit to the Fund any sum vested in it as a result of the passing of such a resolution.		

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8.	Where it has passed a resolution under paragraph 6A schedule 5 to the 1985 Act the CLC may credit to the Fund any sum vested in it under paragraph 6A(3) of schedule 5 to the 1985 Act .	2.6	Where it has passed a resolution under paragraph 6A of Schedule 5 to the 1985 Act the CLC may credit to the Fund any sum vested in it under paragraph 6A(3) of schedule 5 to the 1985 Act.		
9.	If the <i>Rightful Recipient</i> contacts the <i>CLC</i> after a credit has been made to the Fund under a resolution the CLC will treat the <i>Rightful Recipient</i> as a <i>Claimant</i> and invite them to make a <i>claim</i> under this Code out of the Fund.	2.7	If the rightful recipient contacts the CLC after a credit has been made to the Fund under a resolution the CLC will treat the rightful recipient as a claimant and invite them to make a claim for compensation.		
Not in	Not in existing framework		Rule 3 – The Absolute and Unqualified Discretion of the CLC		
		3.1	No Applicant has a right to a Grant from the Fund or any legitimate expectation that they will receive one. All Grants are offered and/or made in the CLC's absolute and unqualified discretion. Whenever these Rules provide for or refer to or contemplate that the CLC will consider anything, decide anything, elect to do (or not to do) anything, be satisfied (or not) as to anything or evaluate anything, the CLC shall do so in its absolute and unqualified discretion.		

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Makin	g a Comp	ensation <i>Claim</i>	4.7 For an Application to be eligible for consideration for a Grant from the		
10.	payme loss wh	C may in its absolute discretion make a grant or other ent out of the Fund for the purpose of relieving or mitigating hich the CLC is satisfied any person has suffered or is likely er in consequence of:	Fund the CLC needs to be satisfied of the following: (a) That the loss was caused as a consequence of:		
	a) b)	negligence or fraud or other dishonesty on the part of a <i>licensed conveyancer</i> , or their <i>employee</i> s or <i>associates</i> in connection with their practices (or purported practices) as <i>licensed conveyancers</i> ; or failure on the part of a <i>licensed conveyancer</i> to account for money received by them in connection with their practices (or purported practices) as <i>licensed conveyancers</i> ;	(i) negligence or fraud or other dishonesty on the part of a CLC Regulated Practice, or their directors, employees or agents in the execution of the regulated activities that the practice is licensed and insured to undertake; or		
	(c)	the negligence, fraud or other dishonesty on the part of a body or of any of its <i>employees</i> or <i>managers</i> in connection with its practice (or purported practice) as a <i>CLC Recognised Body</i> or <i>CLC Licensed Body</i> ; the failure on the part of a body to account for money received by it in connection with its practice (or purported practice) as a <i>CLC Recognised Body</i> or <i>CLC Licensed Body</i> .	(ii) failure on the part of a CLC Regulated Practice to account for money received by them in connection to the regulated activities that the practice is licensed to undertake;		

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Rule 4 – Eligibility for a Grant		
4.1 A person may apply for a Grant from the Fund if they have suffered direc		
losses caused by the actions of a CLC Regulated Practice in the course o		
executing its CLC regulated business activities. A person includes a body		
of persons (whether corporate or unincorporate).		
4.2 Where a loss was suffered by two or more persons jointly, then the CLC reserves the right:		
4.2.1 to insist that any application for a Grant in respect of the said los		
be brought jointly by all those persons who jointly suffered the		
said loss; and		
4.2.2 to refuse to progress any application(s) in respect of such a loss suffered by two or more persons jointly where it is made by fewe than all the persons who together jointly suffered the said loss.		

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	4.3 Applications relating to or arising out of services provided by trading
	styles, group companies, associated companies or businesses not
	regulated by the CLC are not eligible for a Grant from the Fund.
	4.4 Applications relating to or arising out of activities of CLC regulated
	individuals employed by Practices not regulated by the CLC are not
	eligible for a Grant from the Fund.
	4.5 An Applicant will be eligible to make an Application relating to a
	conveyancing transaction if:
	(a) they are a person (or persons); and
	(b) they were the client of the practice in relation to the
	conveyancing transaction; and
	(c) the Property at issue is located in England or Wales; and
	(d) the Application Form has been submitted within 6 months of the
	Applicant becoming aware (or when they should reasonably have
	become aware) of the losses or, if later, within 90 days of

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		exhausting all other reasonable remedies available to the
		Applicant, provided that the Applicant started pursuing such
		other reasonable remedies within 6 months of the Applicant
		becoming aware (or when they should reasonably have become
		aware) of the losses.
	4.6	An Applicant will be eligible to make an Application relating to a probate
		transaction if:
		(a) they are a person (or persons); and
		(b) they were the client of the practice or were acting on behalf of
		the person on whose behalf the grant of probate was obtained;
		and
		(c) the Application Form has been submitted within 6 months of the
		Applicant becoming aware (or when they should reasonably have
		become aware) of the losses or within 90 days of exhausting all
		other reasonable options available to the Applicant.

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	4.7 I	4.7 For an Application to be eligible for consideration for a Grant		
	ſ	Fund the C	LC needs to be satisfied of the following:	
	((a) Tha	t the loss was caused as a consequence of:	
		(i)	negligence or fraud or other dishonesty on the part of	
			a CLC Regulated Practice, or their directors, employees	
			or agents in the execution of the regulated activities	
			that the practice is licensed and insured to undertake;	
			or	
		(ii) f	failure on the part of a CLC Regulated Practice to account	
			for money received by them in connection to the	
			regulated activities that the practice is licensed to undertake;	
			,	
	((b) Tha	t the loss is eligible in accordance with Rule 5.	
	((c) Tha	t the application for a grant was submitted within the	
		dea	dline specified in Rule 6.	

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	4.8 The CLC will consider the actions, behaviour and conduct of the Applicant
	both at the time of the transaction or loss and when making the
	Application when considering if the Applicant is eligible for a Grant from
	the Fund. An Application will be considered ineligible and will be
	dismissed if the CLC considers that:
	(a) the Applicant has behaved fraudulently or dishonestly in relation to:
	(i) any of the circumstances that gave rise to the loss in
	respect of which the application is being made or from
	which the said loss flowed; or
	(ii) the making of the Application for a Grant;
	(b) the Applicant has provided inaccurate and/or incomplete
	information and/or evidence in the Application Form or
	otherwise or has in some other way made misrepresentations to
	the CLC;

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	(c) the claim has been exaggerated by the Applicant;
	(d) the Applicant has not provided sufficient information and/or
	evidence in the Application Form or otherwise;
	(e) the Applicant has, by their actions or omissions, caused the losses
	in respect of which they are claiming a grant from the Fund;
	(f) the statutory limitation period that applies to the claim that the
	Applicant might bring against the CLC Regulated Practice whose
	misfeasance has caused the loss has expired.
	4.9 If any of the sub-paragraphs 4.8(a) to 4.8(f) apply, if the CLC may refuse
	to make an Offer of a Grant and/or offer a reduced Grant to the
	Applicant.
	4.10 If the CLC considers that the Applicant's behaviour lacked diligence or
	was reckless or heedless then the CLC may refuse and dismiss the
	application.

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	4.11 The CLC may consider any evidence, information and materials as it sees
	fit when determining the eligibility of an Applicant under this Rule 4.
Not in existing framework	Rule 5 – Eligibility of losses
	5.1 Losses will only be eligible for a Grant from the Fund if they are:
	(a) Direct financial loss suffered by the Applicant; and/or
	(b) Insurance Excess deductions from an insurance settlement where
	the insurer has accepted that the insured was at fault, or a Court
	or Tribunal has determined that the insured was at fault;
	and, in either case,
	(c) The eligibility conditions set out in Rule 4.7 are satisfied.
	5.2 Losses that are not eligible for a Grant from the fund will include but are
	not limited to:

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	(a) Pain, suffering, loss of amenity and/or losses representing or
	otherwise calculated by reference to the time spent by the
	Applicant dealing with the consequences of the alleged fault of
	the CLC Regulated Practice;
	(b) Indirect losses suffered such as capital growth, lost opportunity,
	lost interest;
	(c) Speculative losses;
	(d) Losses that have not crystalised;
	(e) Losses which are incapable of financial quantification;
	(f) Legal fees and/or any expert fees incurred in pursuing any
	remedies that the Applicant might have against the CLC
	Regulated Practice or other route of recovery;
	(g) Legal fees incurred in making an Application to the Fund;

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	(h) Third party costs such as survey fees, expert witnesses etc unless
	specifically requested by the CLC;
	(i) Loss relating to, associated with or arising out of financial
	products or investment schemes;
	(j) Insurance Excess deductions in cases in which there has not been
	any finding or admission of fault;
	(k) Shortfalls in recovery constituted by the difference between the
	amount claimed by an applicant and the amount for which the
	applicant agrees to settle with the CLC Regulated Practice said to
	be at fault or its insurers;
	(I) Losses relating to, associated with or arising out of with any tax
	evasion or avoidance scheme;
	(m) Losses relating to, associated with or arising out of and/or
	financed by illegal activity;
	(n) Interest on any grant payable from the Fund;

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			(o) Losses in respect of which the Applicant has been compensated in part or in full by another means.
and de <i>CLC</i> . Su (a) (b)	e making a <i>claim</i> for a grant the <i>Claimant</i> must complete, sign eliver to the <i>CLC</i> a notice of <i>claim</i> in the form required by the each notice shall provide for: the assignment to the <i>CLC</i> of all rights of action the <i>Claimant</i> has against the <i>Respondent Body</i> or any other person liable for the loss; retention by the Fund of all money recovered by the <i>CLC</i> whether or not in excess of any grant made by the <i>CLC</i> to the <i>Claimant</i> after deduction of the Costs incurred by the <i>CLC</i> in making such recoveries; the <i>Claimant</i> to covenant to do all such further things and produce such documents as may be required by the <i>CLC</i> for the purpose of pursuing any <i>claim</i> against the <i>Respondent Body</i> or any other person liable for the loss. The <i>Claimant</i> requires assistance in completing a notice of claim this will be provided.	6.1	Before an Application Before an Applicant makes an Application for a Grant they should carefully consider whether the eligibility criteria in Rules 4 and 5 are satisfied. The CLC will dismiss an Application for a Grant if the eligibility criteria are not satisfied. To apply for a Grant from the Fund, the Applicant must truthfully, accurately and comprehensively complete an Application Form in the prescribed form and submit this to the CLC using the contact details contained in the Application Form. Where losses have been suffered jointly by several persons, then those persons may jointly complete one Application Form in respect of the losses that they have jointly suffered. In such circumstances, all such

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			persons shall together and collectively be considered "the Applicant" for the purposes of these Rules and they must jointly comply with all the requirements of the Applicant.
		6.4	Save where Rule 6.3 above applies, different Applicants must each bring their own applications on separate, individual Application Forms, setting out their individual circumstances and explaining how they have suffered their individual losses.
		6.5	If an Application Form is not completed accurately and completely and supported with all the relevant evidence it will not be considered.
		6.6	The Application Form must be received by the CLC within 6 months of the claimant becoming aware (or should reasonably have become aware) of the Loss or within 90 days of exhausting all other reasonable options available to the Applicant.
12.	The <i>Claimant</i> must deliver the <i>claim</i> to the <i>CLC</i> within 6 months (or such longer period as the <i>CLC</i> may allow in a particular case) after the loss or likelihood of loss first came or should reasonably have come to their attention.	See ru	le 6

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13.	The <i>Claimant</i> must deliver any subsequent <i>claim</i> to the <i>CLC</i> within 56 days of the making of the grant (or the date of receipt of notification by the <i>CLC</i> that no further grant is to be made beyond that made by way of interim grant or grants).			
14.	On receipt of a <i>claim</i> the <i>CLC</i> may require the <i>Claimant</i> to:- (a) support their <i>claim</i> with a statutory declaration; (b) produce any relevant documents; and (c) assist with any enquiries the <i>CLC</i> thinks fit to pursue.	 7.3 The onus is on the Applicant to satisfy the CLC of all the facts pertinent to the Application. The CLC may disregard any uncorroborated assertions or statements made in the application, whether they relate to the transaction said to give rise to the loss, or to the loss claimed or to any other circumstance. 7.4 The CLC may ask the Applicant for additional information, clarification or evidence (but is not obliged to do so). If the Applicant does not provide the information, clarification or evidence requested within the timeframe specified by the CLC at the time of request then the CLC may reject the Application. 		
15.	Where a grant has been made and they wish to seek an additional grant in respect of interest or costs, the <i>Claimant</i> must submit a notice of <i>claim</i> . A <i>claim</i> for both interest and Costs may be made in a single application.	5.2 Losses that are not eligible for a Grant from the fund will include but are not limited to:		

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	(a) Pain, suffering, loss of amenity and/or losses representing or
	otherwise calculated by reference to the time spent by the
	Applicant dealing with the consequences of the alleged fault of
	the CLC Regulated Practice;
	(b) Indirect losses suffered such as capital growth, lost opportunity,
	lost interest;
	(c) Speculative losses;
	(d) Losses that have not crystalised;
	(e) Losses which are incapable of financial quantification;
	(f) Legal fees and/or any expert fees incurred in pursuing any
	remedies that the Applicant might have against the CLC
	Regulated Practice or other route of recovery;
	(g) Legal fees incurred in making an Application to the Fund;

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	(h) Third party costs such as survey fees, expert witnesses etc unless
	specifically requested by the CLC;
	(i) Loss relating to, associated with or arising out of financial
	products or investment schemes;
	(j) Insurance Excess deductions in cases in which there has not been
	any finding or admission of fault;
	(k) Shortfalls in recovery constituted by the difference between the
	amount claimed by an applicant and the amount for which the
	applicant agrees to settle with the CLC Regulated Practice said to
	be at fault or its insurers;
	(I) Losses relating to, associated with or arising out of with any tax
	evasion or avoidance scheme;
	(m) Losses relating to, associated with or arising out of and/or
	financed by illegal activity;
	(n) Interest on any grant payable from the Fund;

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				part or in full by another means.
16.		CLC may in its absolute discretion waive any requirement r requirements 9, 14 and 15.		
Deterr 17.	take	out limiting its absolute discretion the <i>CLC</i> may into account when deciding whether a <i>claim</i> for a should be paid in full, reduced or rejected:—whether the <i>Claimant</i> has complied with 12-13, and if appropriate, 14; whether sufficient information has been provided in a reasonable timescale in support of the <i>claim</i> ; whether the <i>Claimant</i> :— (i) has any responsibility for the loss, or (ii) directly or indirectly hoped to profit or did profit, whether wholly or otherwise, from the circumstances giving rise to the loss; whether the <i>Claimant</i> is protected in respect of their loss by any other scheme or any contract of insurance or indemnity or guarantee; whether the <i>Claimant</i> has recovered damages or compensation in respect of the loss which had been suffered including any interest recovered as a result of any available civil remedy or in criminal proceedings or is likely	Grants and unqualified application and consist the decision CLC's decorated. The CLC volumes 4 and consist the clc volumes 4 and consist the decision clc volumes 4 and consist the decision clc volumes 4 and consist the clc volumes 4 and consist	ination of Applications re offered or not from the Fund in the CLC's absolute and ed discretion. The CLC will evaluate the merits of each on in accordance with these Rules and the criteria, principles iderations set out therein (and, in particular, in this Rule 7), but ion whether to offer a Grant or not is the CLC's alone and the cision is final. will consider the eligibility of the Application in accordance with and 5. If any of the eligibility criteria are not met then the CLC the Application without considering it further.
	(f)	to make such recovery in the future; the assets available to the Fund;		

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(g) (h) (i) (j) (k)	any representations made to the <i>CLC</i> by the <i>Respondent Body</i> , their personal representative, trustee in bankruptcy or the liquidator of the body; whether any statutory limitation period has expired; whether the <i>Claimant</i> has taken all reasonable steps to mitigate loss; whether the <i>claim</i> has been exaggerated by the <i>Claimant</i> ; whether the <i>CLC</i> has reason to suspect fraud or other dishonesty on the part of the	7.3	The onus is on the Applicant to satisfy the CLC of all the facts pertinent to the Application. The CLC may disregard any uncorroborated assertions or statements made in the application, whether they relate to the transaction said to give rise to the loss, or to the loss claimed or to any other circumstance.	
	Claimant in respect of the loss or in respect of the claim.	7.4	The CLC may ask the Applicant for additional information, clarification or evidence (but is not obliged to do so). If the Applicant does not provide the information, clarification or evidence requested within the timeframe specified by the CLC at the time of request then the CLC may reject the Application.	
		7.5	The CLC will consider the application, whether to offer a Grant and/or how much to offer in accordance with the following criteria, principles and considerations: (a) The core purpose of the Fund is to protect consumers from losses caused by the negligence or fraud of CLC Regulated Practices in regulated conveyancing transactions for the acquisition of residential property for the occupation of the applicant and/or	

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	the applicant's family; and/or probate transactions. In the
	overwhelming majority of cases, the Applicant will have been
	clients of the CLC Regulated Practice against which complaint is
	made. The further the facts of an application are from this core
	purpose the less likely it is that the Fund will make a Grant in full
	or part;
	(b) The resources available to the Fund are finite and limited and,
	when considering and/or determining Applications and/or
	offering Grants from the Fund, the CLC will be mindful not just of
	the merits of the current application(s) but also of the likelihood
	that other applications will be received in the future, whether
	relating to the same, similar or related circumstances or
	otherwise, and that the Fund must retain substantial monies in
	order to be able to offer Grants to those future applicants if and
	insofar as the CLC might consider that it is appropriate to do so;
	(c) The Fund is a fund of last resort. The CLC may dismiss an
	application or refuse to offer a Grant in full or at all where it
	considers that the applicant has not, before making their

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	application to the Fund, first pursued all other reasonable
	remedies and/or taken all other reasonable measures to avoid or
	to mitigate their losses and/or to obtain compensation
	elsewhere.
	(d) Where the CLC considers that the Applicant has, by their acts or
	omissions, contributed to the losses suffered and/or has
	otherwise failed to mitigate their losses, then the CLC may
	dismiss the application or reduce the Grant that might otherwise
	have been offered;
	(e) Where the CLC considers that it is or might be necessary to limit
	the Grants made to existing and/or future eligible applicants in
	order to protect the financial viability and stability of the Fund
	for future applicants, then the CLC may be guided by the
	following principles:
	(i) Grants are less likely to be offered in full or at all in
	respect of losses caused by or relating to or arising out of
	an inherently speculative transaction than in respect of

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	losses caused by or relating to or arising out of a
	transaction for the acquisition of residential property for
	the occupation of the applicant and/or the applicant's
	family and/or probate transactions;
	(ii) Grants are unlikely to be offered in full or at all in respect
	of losses caused by or relating to or arising out of
	transactions that were being pursued more by way of
	investment or in the hope of making a profit than for the
	acquisition of residential property for the occupation of
	the applicant and/or the applicant's family and/or
	probate transactions;
	(iii) The greater the remaining net worth of an Applicant, the
	greater the likelihood that the CLC will, in the exercise of
	its absolute and unqualified discretion, decide not to
	offer the Grant for which the applicant is applying in full
	or at all;
	(iv) The greater the recovery that the Applicant has made

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		(including, without limitation, from a damages claim or
		pursuant to a policy of insurance or pursuant to an
		indemnity or guarantee, for example) before making their
		Application, as a proportion of the total loss suffered by
		the Applicant, the less likely it is that Applicant will be
		offered the Grant for which they are applying in full or at
		all;
	(f) If	the CLC receives multiple applications:-
	(i)	in respect of the same CLC Regulated Practice; or
	(ii) in respect of or arising out of transactions or proposed
		transactions concerning flats or houses in the same
		development or locality; or
	(ii	i) in respect of or arising out of claims making the same
		essential complaint or series of complaints or alleging the
		same failing or series of failings against different CLC
		Regulated Practices,

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	or if it considers that it might do so, then the CLC may elect to treat all
	those applications together in their own 'Special Category' to
	which Rule 8 below shall apply.
	7.6 The CLC aims to determine an Application within 6 months of it being
	submitted. Where, for any reason, it is not able to do so, simply by way
	of example because Rule 8 applies, then it shall notify the Applicant
	accordingly.
	7.7 Each Applicant will be notified in writing of the CLC's decision on their Application (whether their Application has been held eligible for a Grant as part of a Special Category pursuant to Rule 8 or otherwise).
Not in current version	Rule 8 – Grouping of Applications into Special Categories
	8.1 If the CLC receives multiple applications:-
	(i) in respect of the same CLC Regulated Practice; or
	(ii) in respect of or arising out of transactions or proposed
	transactions concerning flats or houses in the same development

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	or locality; or
	(iii) in respect of or arising out of claims making the same essential
	complaint or series of complaints or alleging the same failing or
	series of failings against different CLC regulated Practices,
	or if it considers that it might do so, then the CLC may elect to treat all
	those applications together in their own 'Special Category'. The purpose
	of considering applications together in a shared Special Category is to:
	(a) ensure a consistent, even-handed and transparent approach to
	assessing and determining Applications received in respect of the
	same CLC Regulated Practice or in respect of or arising out of
	transactions or proposed transactions concerning flats or houses
	in the same development or locality or in respect of or arising out
	of claims making the same essential complaint or series of
	complaints or alleging the same failing or series of failings against
	different CLC Regulated Practices;
	(b) facilitate the fair exercise of the CLC's absolute and unqualified

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	discretion;
	(c) facilitate the application by the CLC of particular criteria to all
	those applications;
	(d) provide a suitable time period for all Applications falling within
	the Special Category to be submitted, and for the CLC then to
	gather information on those Applications, to evaluate and to
	determine them;
	(e) ensure the proportionate and prudent allocation of
	compensation monies from the Fund;
	(f) protect the financial viability and stability of the Fund for future
	Applications; and
	(g) provide reasonable compensation for successful Applicants from
	the funds allocated for the Special Category concerned in
	accordance with Rule 8.3 below.

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	8.2 Applications included in a Special Category will still be required to satisfy
	the eligibility requirements set out in Rules 4 and 5. If any of the
	eligibility criteria are not satisfied then the CLC reserves the right to
	reject the Application without considering it further.
	8.3 The CLC shall be entitled to impose a financial limit on the aggregate
	grants to be paid to Applicants whose claims fall within the same Special
	Category and to allocate those limited funds to the Special Category
	concerned. When setting such a limit, the matters to which the CLC will
	have regard will include:
	8.2.1 The total sums claimed by all the Applicants whose applications
	fall within the same Special Category;
	8.2.2 The existing balance of the Compensation Fund;
	8.2.3 The further applications for compensation from the Fund that the
	CLC reasonably expects to receive in the short and medium
	terms; and

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	8.3.4 The need to ensure that the Compensation Fund remains viable
	as a fund to meet those applications in accordance with these
	Rules.
	8.4 All applicants whose applications have been grouped with others in a
	Special Category will be notified in writing by the CLC as soon as is
	reasonably practicable, and kept up to date by the CLC from time to time,
	as to the following facts and matters:
	(a) That the CLC has, after an initial review of the Application,
	determined that the Application has the potential to fall within a
	Special Category;
	(b) Which particular aspect of their application has caused it to be
	placed in a Special Category with other applications sharing that
	aspect;
	(c) How many other applications the CLC expects might also fall
	within that Special Category;
	(d) That the determination of their Application is likely to be delayed

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	in order to provide a window within which the other applications
	falling within the Special Category can be made;
	(e) When the CLC anticipates that the Special Category is likely to
	close such that the applications falling within that Special
	Category might then be determined;
	(f) That the CLC will publicise details of the Special Category,
	whether via updates placed on the CLC's website or as otherwise
	determined by the CLC;
	(g) Whether specific criteria will be applied to applications in that
	Special Category pursuant to Rule 8.10 below and, if so, what
	those specific criteria are; and/or
	(h) Whether the CLC has imposed a financial limit on the aggregate
	Grants to be paid to Applicants whose claims fall within the same
	Special Category and, if so, the total funds allocated to all the
	claims in the Special Category concerned.

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	8.5 Where an Applicant is notified in accordance with Rule 8.4 that their
	Application is being grouped with others in a Special Category, such
	notification does not amount to a final determination:
	(a) that the Applicant meets the eligibility criteria; or
	(b) that the Application does, in fact, fall within the Special Category
	or
	(c) that the Applicant will be Offered a Grant from the Fund; or
	(d) of the amount of any Grant which may be Offered to the
	Applicant.
	8.6 The CLC shall keep the Applicants updated on the status of their
	Application and the collation of applications to the Special Category and
	the determination of applications within the Special Category on ar
	appropriate basis via updates placed on the CLC's website or a
	otherwise determined by the CLC.

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	8.7 The CLC will give 6 calendar months' notice of the date after which no
	further applications that would fall within the Special Category will be
	accepted. Once that date has passed then:
	(a) no further applications that would have been allocated to the
	Special Category will be accepted; and
	(b) the CLC will proceed to determine the Applications that have
	been grouped together in the Special Category.
	8.8 Where the CLC has closed the Special Category to new Applications in
	accordance with Rule 8.7 any Applications that would have qualified for
	allocation to the Special Category but were received after the closure will
	only be considered at the CLC's discretion.
	8.9 Applications which the CLC in due course determines do not, in fact,
	belong in the Special Category will be reclassified as an individual
	Application and will be considered by the CLC separately from the Special
	Category and without reference to any distinctive criteria which are
	applied to that Special Category.

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	8.10	The Applications which the CLC subsequently determines in its discretion
		do belong in the Special Category shall be considered by the CLC by
		applying criteria specifically relating to that Special Category, as may be
		determined by the CLC in its absolute and unqualified discretion. Such
		criteria may (but do not have to) differ from the criteria applied to
		Applications which are not placed into a Special Category. In addition,
		the CLC may:
		(a) Apply different time limits for determining an application placed
		into a Special Category;
		(b) Request additional supplementary information for the purpose
		of making a determination or deciding on the amount of the
		Grant to be offered to any particular Applicant;
		(c) Take into account any information or evidence provided in
		relation to any application allocated to a Special Category when
		considering any other application in the same Special Category;
		(c) Offer Grants of varying amounts to different Applicants'
		dependant on relevant criteria set during the assessment of

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	Applications.
	 8.11 The CLC shall determine the amount of any Grant to be Offered to each Applicant in a Special Category in accordance with the following principles and criteria: (a) The total aggregate amount allocated to the Special Category; (b) The total number of eligible Applications in the Special Category; (c) Any subcategorization of Applications within the Special Category; and
	(d) The considerations set out in Rule 7.5.
	8.12 For the avoidance of doubt, not all Applicants whose Applications have been grouped within a Special Category will necessarily be considered eligible for a Grant from the Fund. All Applications will be determined in accordance with the specific facts and circumstances of each Application and the standard eligibility criteria as set out in Rules 4 and 5.

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		8.13	Allocation of funds to the special category is not an indication of likely payment of all or any claim within the category and some or all of the allocated funds may be unused at the end of the determination of the special category applications. If that is the case those funds will be reallocated to the general Fund.
18.	The <i>CLC</i> may make interim or final payments by way of a grant or grants at any time before, during or after an investigation of a <i>claim</i> against a <i>Respondent Body</i> . It will only do so when it is satisfied that the payment falls within the circumstances for which a grant may be made under this Code.	9.1 9.2	9 – Making and acceptance of an Offer of Grant If the CLC considers an Application to be eligible for a Grant from the Fund, it may Offer to pay the Applicant a Grant from the Fund. The amount Offered by the CLC via a Grant may not cover all losses suffered by the Applicant and/or may not match the amount applied for. Any amount offered is final and not subject to negotiation.
		9.4	The CLC may seek remedial action(s) and undertake other steps as an alternative to and/or in combination with any Offer of a Grant. For instance, if the Loss suffered was an unperfected title, the CLC may

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	undertake the post-completion procedures as an alternative to the Offer
	of a Grant.
	9.5 The Applicant will have 28 days to accept in writing the CLC's offer of a
	Grant, such period starting on the date in which the Grant is offered. If
	the Applicant does not accept the Grant within 28 days, the offer will
	lapse.
	9.6 Should an offer of a Grant lapse, no renewed or further Application
	relating to substantively the same loss will be considered by the CLC.
	9.7 Should further information come to light during the offer period that
	causes the CLC to reconsider the offer of a Grant, the offer may be
	withdrawn and may not be reinstated. Should this be the case no
	renewed or further application relating to substantively the same loss
	will be considered.
	9.8 Where an Applicant accepts the offer of a Grant, the Applicant must, at
	the same time, provide such documents and complete such steps as the
	CLC requires to verify the identity of the Applicant. This identity check
	may involve a variety of methods and no payment will be made unless

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	and until such checks are completed to the CLC's satisfaction. A failure
	by the Applicant to complete the identification formalities satisfactorily
	and within the required time frame may result in the Offer being
	withdrawn.
	9.9 Where an Applicant accepts the offer of a Grant, the Applicant must, at
	the same time, provide the full and complete details of the bank account
	into which the Grant is to be paid. The details must be of a bank account
	held by the Applicant (or, where the Applicant constitutes a number of
	persons any of those persons) in the UK with a bank authorised by the
	FCA to accept deposits. Failure to provide the necessary bank details
	within the required time frame may result in the Offer being withdrawn.
	9.10 Upon receiving bank details in compliance with Rule 9.10 above, and
	having verified the Applicant's identity(ies), the CLC will require each
	person constituting the Applicant to sign a Settlement Agreement. In
	addition, the CLC may require each person constituting the Applicant to
	sign a Deed of Assignment, assigning to the CLC all claims and/or rights
	(whether or a proprietary nature or otherwise) that the persons
	constituting the Applicant or any of them might have against third parties

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		in respect of or arising out of the subject matter of their Application.
		Such Settlement Agreement and any Deed of Assignment required by the
		CLC must be signed and returned to the CLC within 28 days of being sent
		to the Applicant or any of the persons constituting the Applicant. Within
		30 days of the CLC's receipt of the signed Settlement Agreement and any
		Deed of Assignment required by the CLC, the Grant will be transferred to
		the bank account detailed in the Settlement Agreement. If the
		Settlement Agreement and any Deed of Assignment are not properly
		signed by or on behalf of all the persons constituting the Applicant and
		returned to the CLC within 28 days of the date on which the Grant was
		offered to the applicant, then the offer will lapse and no similar
		Applications will be considered.
19.	The <i>CLC</i> will consider such a <i>claim</i> in its absolute discretion may make an additional grant or grants out of the Fund under this provision as follows: (a) in lieu of interest on the amount of a grant for such a period and at such rate as determined at the <i>CLC</i> 's discretion; (b) a sum in respect of the amount of reasonable costs incurred by making a <i>claim</i> wholly and exclusively in connection with the preparation, submission and proof of a <i>claim</i> .	See 5.2 (g) and (n)

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20.	The <i>CLC</i> may before deciding whether or not to make a grant require a <i>Claimant</i> to pursue any civil remedy which may be available in respect of the loss.	See 10.2 (c)
21.	Where the <i>CLC</i> refuses to make a grant of either the whole or part of the amount claimed the <i>CLC</i> shall inform the <i>Claimant</i> in writing of the reason for its decision within 28 days of that decision.	 Rule 10 – Refusal of an Application for a Grant 10.1 Where the CLC declines to offer a Grant to an Applicant, the Applicant will be informed of the CLC's reasons in writing. 10.2 Entirely without prejudice to the CLC's absolute and unqualified discretion, the circumstances in which the CLC may refuse to offer a Grant include (but are not limited to) the following: (a) If the Applicant does not meet the eligibility criteria (Rule 4); (b) If the loss suffered by the Applicant does not meet the eligibility criteria (Rule 5); (c) If the Applicant has not exhausted all other reasonable routes to compensation prior to submitting an Application Form;

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	(d) If the Application Form is incomplete or contains inaccuracies,
	misrepresentations and/or falsehoods;
	(e) If the Applicant has not responded to requests by the CLC for
	additional information, clarification or evidence within the
	requested timeframes;
	(f) If the Allegations made by the Applicant cannot be substantiated
	to the satisfaction of the CLC. This would include any assertions
	made by the Applicant that cannot be verified; and/or
	(g) If following the consideration of the criteria in Rule 7.5 the CLC
	concludes that no Grant should be offered.
	10.3 Should new significant information or evidence come to light following
	the refusal, dismissal or rejection of a Grant by the CLC, the Applicant
	may re-apply with the new significant information or evidence if the new
	information or evidence was not known to the applicant at the time of
	the earlier application and could not, with reasonable diligence on the
	part of the Applicant, have been so known.

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		10.4	What constitutes new significant information or evidence shall be determined by the CLC in its absolute discretion.
22.	The <i>CLC</i> may review a decision if the <i>Claimant</i> is able to produce new information not previously considered. Any new information must be submitted within 90 days of the date of the decision to be considered. Should a <i>Claimant</i> accept a full or partial grant of a <i>claim</i> , this will be considered a full and final settlement and the decision will not be eligible for review. If a <i>Claimant</i> does not respond to a full or partial grant of a <i>claim</i> or provide the <i>CLC</i> with bank details to make payment of the grant within 90 days, then the grant will be withdrawn and no further <i>claims</i> relating to the original <i>claim</i> will be considered.	10.3	Should new significant information or evidence come to light following the refusal, dismissal or rejection of a Grant by the CLC, the Applicant may re-apply with the new significant information or evidence if the new information or evidence was not known to the applicant at the time of the earlier application and could not, with reasonable diligence on the part of the Applicant, have been so known.
Recov	very of monies paid out of the Fund		
23.	The <i>CLC</i> shall not make a grant unless it has caused a letter giving notification of the <i>claim</i> or additional <i>claim</i> to be sent to the <i>Respondent Body</i> at the last known correspondence address or to any solicitor or other representative instructed by the <i>Respondent Body</i> or appointed on its behalf or in its stead and in any case not less than 8 days have elapsed since the date of such letter.		
24.	The <i>CLC</i> may take proceedings against the <i>Respondent Body</i> to recover the amount of any grant or other payment made in consequence of the act or omission of that <i>Respondent Body</i> in accordance with this Code:		

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	 a. provided no other civil proceedings for recovery in respect of the same cause of action have already been issued; b. even if it is not possible to obtain an assignment of the cause of action from or on behalf of the <i>Claimant</i>. 	
25.	The <i>CLC</i> may in its absolute discretion take proceedings against a <i>Manager</i> or former <i>Manager</i> of a <i>Respondent Body</i> to recover the amount of any grant or other paymentmade in accordance with this Code.	
26.	Any sum payable as a result of proceedings taken against a body, <i>Manager</i> orformer <i>Manager</i> is recoverable as a debt owed to the <i>CLC</i> .	